

NO FUNERAL TO CUNARD PIER.

COMPANY STOPS THE PARADE IN FATHER O'GROWNEY'S MEMORY.

Intending Passengers on the Campana Might Not Like to Think of the Corpses Aboard. It's Said—So the Funeral Service Won't Have a Procession.

The body of Father Eugene O'Growney, the eminent Gaelic scholar who did so much to popularize the study of that language before his death four years ago in California, will not be carried in procession through the streets to-day to the Cunard Line pier, whence the steamer Campana is to take it to its final resting place in Irish soil.

That was the programme up to yesterday. Then it was suddenly changed. According to those who have organized the demonstration to the dead scholar here they were notified by the Cunard steamship officials that if so much attention as the parade would attract was drawn to the fact that the body was to go on a Cunard Line steamer the company wouldn't carry the body at all, because people didn't like the idea of travelling on a ship with a corpse aboard.

At any rate, the funeral procession was abandoned and the body will be conveyed to the steamer to-morrow afternoon as quietly as possible.

With an escort chosen from the most prominent Irish societies in the United States, Father O'Growney's body arrived here last night. The delegation and their wives were not in Jersey City by delegations from all the Irish societies in New York and the coffin was taken direct to the cathedral, where, draped with the American flag, it was placed on a large catafalque at the foot of the altar and the rosary was chanted in Gaelic. Wax tapers burned in the aisles all night, while in the morning the tall pine casket, guarded by a company of officers and members of the Gaelic Society and the Ancient Order of Hibernians.

The body will be removed this morning to the chapel of St. Brigid and St. Bernard, the new one given to the cathedral by Francis Coleman, and itself a duplicate in miniature of one of the famous Irish abbays. A solemn requiem high mass will be celebrated at 10 o'clock this morning. The Rev. Dr. Lavelle officiating, assisted by the Rev. Charles McCready, rector of the Holy Cross Church, and dean of the Maynooth University. The solemn will be delivered by Father Peter Cuniffe, C. S. R., who will preach both in Gaelic and English. After the body has lain in state all day Archbishop Farley will bestow the final absolution.

At Queensboro, which will be reached on Sept. 20, the pallbearers will be met by a delegation from Dublin. A special service will be held in the cathedral at Dublin, after which the remains will be taken to the University of Maynooth.

THE HATFIELDS GO WEST.

Only One Survivor of the Famous Feudists Left in Kentucky.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Sept. 17.—The Hatfield family, consisting of about fifty men, women and children, have left Kentucky and West Virginia to seek a new residence in the Northwest, leaving but one known member of that family, the most noted for daring of the survivors of the famous feudists, "Devil Anse" Hatfield. The family and relatives were gathered from the Kentucky mountains to towns which have been the homes of the Hatfields and McCoys, whose feud terrorized the mountains and in which scores of the best of each side were killed, and twenty years since the beginning of the feud. The Hatfields were living in peace and their departure is due to the influence of their friends, who have been exploring and coaching in Michigan and the Northwest.

SMITH STIRS MURRAY HILL.

Aristocrats Don't Want a Forge There, but He's Coming, Says McAndrews.

However nice the story of the village blacksmith may sound in poetry, the residents of Murray Hill, L. I., are all up in arms against the contemplated opening of one in a vacant building at 75 Beers street, which is right in the heart of that exclusive suburb. Thomas C. McAndrews of Manhattan is the man who expects to pose as the Murray Hill blacksmith. He is getting his shop in order and turns a deaf ear to protests.

"I am about ready to open," said he. "A blacksmith shop is not a nuisance; it is a necessity, and I don't propose to let anyone stop me. Why in time the sound of my anvil will become sweet as the chiming of a church to the people around here."

Handsome country houses are around the shop in all directions, the handsome Cadogan mansion, recently purchased by Mr. John Shannon, being the nearest.

WOMAN GETS COLUMBIA CHAIR.

First Professor of Her Sex Directly Appointed by the College Trustees.

For the first time in the history of Columbia University a woman has been directly appointed to a professorship by the board of trustees. She is Miss Margaret E. Mathey, Ph. D. At the opening of the academic year Miss Mathey will be installed as an adjunct professor of physics. She is a graduate of Barnard and earned her doctor's degree at Columbia.

Six professors and fifteen adjunct professors have been newly appointed and will begin work in their respective departments at the opening of the academic year on Sept. 28. Most of these appointments have been announced.

Jackson E. Reynolds, A. B. L. B., assistant general counsel of the Central Railroad of New Jersey has been appointed lecturer in law with five courses on the law relating to public carriers and public service companies and agents.

WHITNEY'S GIFT TO THE STATE.

His Entire Herd of Eighty Animals to Be Liberated in the Adirondacks.

GLENS FALLS, N. Y., Sept. 17.—William C. Whitney has given to the State his entire herd of eighty animals from his mountain preserve in Massachusetts. Two carloads were sent last week to Paul Smith's station for liberation under Smith's direction. One carload has been sent free at Raquette Lake and another was turned into the woods at Floodwood station.

Still another carload was liberated at Saranac Lake. These animals have been fully acclimated in the Adirondacks and strong reason for believing that they will multiply and become fairly common in their new home in the Adirondacks if the hunters can be induced to let them live for a few years.

BOER COLONY IN MEXICO.

Gen. Smyman the Pioneer of Fifty South African Emigrant Families.

CITY OF MEXICO, Sept. 17.—Gen. W. D. Smyman, one of the leaders of the Boer Army, has moved his entire family to the new colony site purchased near Ortiz station, on the Mexican Central, and announces that fifty families will follow the way from South Africa to join him.

The site of the colony is in a beautiful valley, with water in abundance for all needs. The soil is rich and fertile. Truck farming will be the principal occupation, as farm produce commands a good price when on the market early.

HIS POVERTY KNOWN, HE DIED.

Old Man Had Cared for Bed-Ridden Wife—She Cannot Live Long.

Ferdinand Hougher, 61 years old, died yesterday in the little old house on Wendell street, Concord, Staten Island, in which he had lived for thirty years with his wife, who lacks but little of being blind and was and will follow him to the grave within a few weeks at most. Heart failure is the certified cause of death, but the end was hastened by a series of griefs.

The couple were once fairly well-to-do, but as the years advanced their circumstances grew poorer. Four years ago Mrs. Hougher became a semi-invalid. For two years she has been bed-ridden. In all her sickness her husband has been her nurse. Eighteen months ago the couple were reduced to living on what revenue could be derived from one cow and a flock of chickens. Six weeks ago Mrs. Hougher became worse and to raise money her husband first sold the chickens, then the cow.

They had little intercourse with the neighbors and except themselves knew how far down they had got. The husband was probably the only one who knew Wednesday morning that the last dollar was gone. He made no appeal to anyone.

At midday the storm lifted a corner of the roof and laid bare a quarter of the house. The neighbors, except themselves, knew how far down they had got. The husband was probably the only one who knew Wednesday morning that the last dollar was gone. He made no appeal to anyone.

At midday the storm lifted a corner of the roof and laid bare a quarter of the house. The neighbors, except themselves, knew how far down they had got. The husband was probably the only one who knew Wednesday morning that the last dollar was gone. He made no appeal to anyone.

COLVOCOORESSE-LEE.

Lieutenant of Marines Weds in Haste Last He Had Sent Away Too Soon.

The marriage of Miss Katherine Alice Lee, daughter of Mrs. Gideon Lee of 114 Madison avenue, to Lieut. Harold Colvocoresses of the United States Marine Corps, was celebrated last Sunday at the Church of the Transfiguration, in the presence only of the relatives and a few intimate friends of the couple. A much later date had been set for the wedding, but the bridegroom, who had been ordered to active service on a distant station caused a sudden change in the plans. He is the son of Commander George Colvocoresses, U. S. N. He planned to leave on June 8 this year, and reported for service at the Brooklyn navy yard only a few days ago.

COL. RICHARD LATHERS DEAD.

Tried to Make Peace Before the Civil War, but Stuck to the Union.

Col. Richard Lathers, who was prominent among the peace-makers who tried to mediate between the North and the South in the civil war period, and was a leading New York merchant in the middle part of the century, died at his home, 248 Central Park West, yesterday in his eighty-second year. His death was due to general breakdown.

He was born in South Carolina and entered the commission business here in 1847. He later organized and became president of the Great Western Marine Insurance Company and helped to finance the Erie Railroad. He became chairman of the road's finance committee. During the war he took an active part in the work of the Union Defense Committee, and helped to raise funds for the Government.

Col. Lathers was a friend of Gen. Col. Wood, William B. Astor and others, called a meeting to consider an suggestion to build a canal between the Hudson and the Delaware. He was sent South by the meeting to present a peace address to Jefferson Davis and to read it in various cities. He addressed the citizens of Mobile news of the attack on Fort Sumter reached him and he abandoned his mission and spoke for the Union cause in England, Scotland and Switzerland. After the war his homestead in Charleston, S. C., was a frequent meeting place for Union and Confederate Generals, and the daughters of General Grant and Lee first became acquainted there. Col. Lathers was the first person to address a meeting of both whites and blacks in South Carolina after the war.

Col. Lathers was prominent in the affairs of the Chamber of Commerce, and was a member of its committee to welcome the Prince of Wales and the daughters of General Grant and Lee first became acquainted there. Col. Lathers was the first person to address a meeting of both whites and blacks in South Carolina after the war.

Col. Lathers was prominent in the affairs of the Chamber of Commerce, and was a member of its committee to welcome the Prince of Wales and the daughters of General Grant and Lee first became acquainted there. Col. Lathers was the first person to address a meeting of both whites and blacks in South Carolina after the war.

Col. Lathers was prominent in the affairs of the Chamber of Commerce, and was a member of its committee to welcome the Prince of Wales and the daughters of General Grant and Lee first became acquainted there. Col. Lathers was the first person to address a meeting of both whites and blacks in South Carolina after the war.

Col. Lathers was prominent in the affairs of the Chamber of Commerce, and was a member of its committee to welcome the Prince of Wales and the daughters of General Grant and Lee first became acquainted there. Col. Lathers was the first person to address a meeting of both whites and blacks in South Carolina after the war.

Col. Lathers was prominent in the affairs of the Chamber of Commerce, and was a member of its committee to welcome the Prince of Wales and the daughters of General Grant and Lee first became acquainted there. Col. Lathers was the first person to address a meeting of both whites and blacks in South Carolina after the war.

Col. Lathers was prominent in the affairs of the Chamber of Commerce, and was a member of its committee to welcome the Prince of Wales and the daughters of General Grant and Lee first became acquainted there. Col. Lathers was the first person to address a meeting of both whites and blacks in South Carolina after the war.

Col. Lathers was prominent in the affairs of the Chamber of Commerce, and was a member of its committee to welcome the Prince of Wales and the daughters of General Grant and Lee first became acquainted there. Col. Lathers was the first person to address a meeting of both whites and blacks in South Carolina after the war.

Col. Lathers was prominent in the affairs of the Chamber of Commerce, and was a member of its committee to welcome the Prince of Wales and the daughters of General Grant and Lee first became acquainted there. Col. Lathers was the first person to address a meeting of both whites and blacks in South Carolina after the war.

Col. Lathers was prominent in the affairs of the Chamber of Commerce, and was a member of its committee to welcome the Prince of Wales and the daughters of General Grant and Lee first became acquainted there. Col. Lathers was the first person to address a meeting of both whites and blacks in South Carolina after the war.

Col. Lathers was prominent in the affairs of the Chamber of Commerce, and was a member of its committee to welcome the Prince of Wales and the daughters of General Grant and Lee first became acquainted there. Col. Lathers was the first person to address a meeting of both whites and blacks in South Carolina after the war.

Col. Lathers was prominent in the affairs of the Chamber of Commerce, and was a member of its committee to welcome the Prince of Wales and the daughters of General Grant and Lee first became acquainted there. Col. Lathers was the first person to address a meeting of both whites and blacks in South Carolina after the war.

Col. Lathers was prominent in the affairs of the Chamber of Commerce, and was a member of its committee to welcome the Prince of Wales and the daughters of General Grant and Lee first became acquainted there. Col. Lathers was the first person to address a meeting of both whites and blacks in South Carolina after the war.

Col. Lathers was prominent in the affairs of the Chamber of Commerce, and was a member of its committee to welcome the Prince of Wales and the daughters of General Grant and Lee first became acquainted there. Col. Lathers was the first person to address a meeting of both whites and blacks in South Carolina after the war.

Col. Lathers was prominent in the affairs of the Chamber of Commerce, and was a member of its committee to welcome the Prince of Wales and the daughters of General Grant and Lee first became acquainted there. Col. Lathers was the first person to address a meeting of both whites and blacks in South Carolina after the war.

Col. Lathers was prominent in the affairs of the Chamber of Commerce, and was a member of its committee to welcome the Prince of Wales and the daughters of General Grant and Lee first became acquainted there. Col. Lathers was the first person to address a meeting of both whites and blacks in South Carolina after the war.

Col. Lathers was prominent in the affairs of the Chamber of Commerce, and was a member of its committee to welcome the Prince of Wales and the daughters of General Grant and Lee first became acquainted there. Col. Lathers was the first person to address a meeting of both whites and blacks in South Carolina after the war.

Col. Lathers was prominent in the affairs of the Chamber of Commerce, and was a member of its committee to welcome the Prince of Wales and the daughters of General Grant and Lee first became acquainted there. Col. Lathers was the first person to address a meeting of both whites and blacks in South Carolina after the war.

Col. Lathers was prominent in the affairs of the Chamber of Commerce, and was a member of its committee to welcome the Prince of Wales and the daughters of General Grant and Lee first became acquainted there. Col. Lathers was the first person to address a meeting of both whites and blacks in South Carolina after the war.

Col. Lathers was prominent in the affairs of the Chamber of Commerce, and was a member of its committee to welcome the Prince of Wales and the daughters of General Grant and Lee first became acquainted there. Col. Lathers was the first person to address a meeting of both whites and blacks in South Carolina after the war.

ASK FOR MILLER'S DISMISSAL.

LABOR UNIONS REQUESTED TO PETITION THE PRESIDENT.

Washington's Central Labor Union Adopts Resolutions Declaring the President's Order Reinstating Miller to Be an Unfriendly Act and Wants It Revoked.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—The Washington Central Labor Union is sending to all central unions in the country a copy of resolutions which it has adopted, declaring that President Roosevelt's order reinstating Foreman W. A. Miller in the Government Printing Office is an unfriendly act, and urging labor unions throughout the United States to petition the President to modify his order of "no discrimination" and to discharge Miller.

It is believed here that the action of the local union is being taken with the knowledge and tacit consent of the officers of the American Federation of Labor. Secretary Frank Morrison, who in the absence of President Gompers speaks for the federation, said to-day that the Government Printing Office case had not been brought before the council of the Federation of Labor and that no instructions had been issued. The council is to meet soon, however, and it is probable that the Miller case will then be considered.

This is a copy of the resolutions sent out by the Washington Central Labor Union: Whereas the principle of trades unionism is intended to raise the standard of living among the working classes; to instill into their hearts the blessings of peace and education; to make them so that they might uphold the law and its representatives; to make them good citizens in time of peace and active patriots in time of war; and

Whereas the Bookbinders' Union's charges against W. A. Miller prove that he has outrageously violated every moral and, in two instances, criminal law; that he has broken every obligation to his union, and that he was tried and found guilty of fraudulent non-unionism; and

Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States formed themselves into what has developed into the greatest power in the world notwithstanding the scorn and scoffs of those that would not swear allegiance; and Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and

Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and

Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and

Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and

Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and

Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and

Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and

Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and

Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and

Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and

Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and

Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and

Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and

Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and

Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and

Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and

Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and

Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and

Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and

Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and

Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and

Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and

Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and

Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and

Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and

Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and

Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and

Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and

Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and

Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and

Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and Whereas the Union of the thirteen original States, like unto the thirteen original States, in that it has its enemies who scoff and refuse to be brought into the Union; and

Karo

CORN SYRUP

The new table delicacy. Serves the palate and soothes the stomach. Delicious and nutritious. At all grocers, 10c, 25c and 50c. CORN PRODUCTS CO., New York and Chicago.

SHOOTING PUZZLES POLICE.

Find Two Victims of a Row, but One Wasn't Told That Anything.

Policemen Law of the West 12th street station heard shots in the back room of Barney Smith's Ontario Hotel, at 129th street and Eighth avenue, at 9 o'clock last night. He found Peter Gallagher, a young man, living at 810 Lenox avenue, lying unconscious on the floor. No one else was in the place.

Gallagher was taken to the J. Hood Wright Hospital, where the doctors dressed several scalp wounds. He had not been shot. Gallagher told the policeman that Benjamin Call and Andrew Phillips, two laborers who frequented the place, had attacked him.

Gallagher said that a free-for-all fight had taken place in which Call and Phillips were injured. Gallagher said that he had been shot. The police later found Call and Phillips in another saloon and took them before Gallagher, who identified them as his assailants.

Detectives Thornton and Goodnow were detailed on the case, and they learned that Gallagher was a free-for-all fighter. When they found Gallagher he said: "I know who shot me, and I've got the gun I'll use on them. You needn't think I'm a fool. I'll fix 'em myself."

The detectives tried in vain to learn from Gallagher what he had been doing in the saloon. He refused to say anything more.

The police later found Call and Phillips in another saloon and took them before Gallagher, who identified them as his assailants. Gallagher said that a free-for-all fight had taken place in which Call and Phillips were injured.

Gallagher said that he had been shot. The police later found Call and Phillips in another saloon and took them before Gallagher, who identified them as his assailants. Gallagher said that a free-for-all fight had taken place in which Call and Phillips were injured.

Gallagher said that he had been shot. The police later found Call and Phillips in another saloon and took them before Gallagher, who identified them as his assailants. Gallagher said that a free-for-all fight had taken place in which Call and Phillips were injured.

Gallagher said that he had been shot. The police later found Call and Phillips in another saloon and took them before Gallagher, who identified them as his assailants. Gallagher said that a free-for-all fight had taken place in which Call and Phillips were injured.

Gallagher said that he had been shot. The police later found Call and Phillips in another saloon and took them before Gallagher, who identified them as his assailants. Gallagher said that a free-for-all fight had taken place in which Call and Phillips were injured.

Gallagher said that he had been shot. The police later found Call and Phillips in another saloon and took them before Gallagher, who identified them as his assailants. Gallagher said that a free-for-all fight had taken place in which Call and Phillips were injured.

Gallagher said that he had been shot. The police later found Call and Phillips in another saloon and took them before Gallagher, who identified them as his assailants. Gallagher said that a free-for-all fight had taken place in which Call and Phillips were injured.

Gallagher said that he had been shot. The police later found Call and Phillips in another saloon and took them before Gallagher, who identified them as his assailants. Gallagher said that a free-for-all fight had taken place in which Call and Phillips were injured.

Gallagher said that he had been shot. The police later found Call and Phillips in another saloon and took them before Gallagher, who identified them as his assailants. Gallagher said that a free-for-all fight had taken place in which Call and Phillips were injured.

Gallagher said that he had been shot. The police later found Call and Phillips in another saloon and took them before Gallagher, who identified them as his assailants. Gallagher said that a free-for-all fight had taken place in which Call and Phillips were injured.

Gallagher said that he had been shot. The police later found Call and Phillips in another saloon and took them before Gallagher, who identified them as his assailants. Gallagher said that a free-for-all fight had taken place in which Call and Phillips were injured.

Gallagher said that he had been shot. The police later found Call and Phillips in another saloon and took them before Gallagher, who identified them as his assailants. Gallagher said that a free-for-all fight had taken place in which Call and Phillips were injured.

Gallagher said that he had been shot. The police later found Call and Phillips in another saloon and took them before Gallagher, who identified them as his assailants. Gallagher said that a free-for-all fight had taken place in which Call and Phillips were injured.

Gallagher said that he had been shot. The police later found Call and Phillips in another saloon and took them before Gallagher, who identified them as his assailants. Gallagher said that a free-for-all fight had taken place in which Call and Phillips were injured.

Gallagher said that he had been shot. The police later found Call and Phillips in another saloon and took them before Gallagher, who identified them as his assailants. Gallagher said that a free-for-all fight had taken place in which Call and Phillips were injured.

Gallagher said that he had been shot. The police later found Call and Phillips in another saloon and took them before Gallagher, who identified them as his assailants. Gallagher said that a free-for-all fight had taken place in which Call and Phillips were injured.

Gallagher said that he had been shot. The police later found Call and Phillips in another saloon and took them before Gallagher, who identified them as his assailants. Gallagher said that a free-for-all fight had taken place in which Call and Phillips were injured.

Gallagher said that he had been shot. The police later found Call and Phillips in another saloon and took them before Gallagher, who identified them as his assailants. Gallagher said that a free-for-all fight had taken place in which Call and Phillips were injured.

Gallagher said that he had been shot. The police later found Call and Phillips in another saloon and took them before Gallagher, who identified them as his assailants. Gallagher said that a free-for-all fight had taken place in which Call and Phillips were injured.

Gallagher said that he had been shot. The police later found Call and Phillips in another saloon and took them before Gallagher, who identified them as his assailants. Gallagher said that a free-for-all fight had taken place in which Call and Phillips were injured.

Gallagher said that he had been shot. The police later found Call and Phillips in another saloon and took them before Gallagher, who identified them as his assailants. Gallagher said that a free-for-all fight had taken place in which Call and Phillips were injured.

Gallagher said that he had been shot.